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FOREIGN AND INSULAR

BRAZIL.

Report from Bahia.

Bahia, Brazil, November 10, 1902.

For the week ended November 8, 1902, there were reported in Bahia 71 deaths from the following causes: Appendicitis, 1; arterio-sclerosis, 3; beriberi, 4; bronchitis, 2; cancer, 3; diarrhea, 1; malarial fever, 1; gastritis, 2; hepatitis, 2; meningitis, 1; senile debility, 2; nephritis, 1; stillborn, 2; syphilis, 1; infantile tetanus, 1; tuberculosis, 9, and from other causes, 35.

H. W. FURNISS, United States Consul.

The Secretary of the Treasury.

CHINA.

Report from Hongkong.

Hongkong, China, October 28, 1902.

For the week ended October 25, 1902, 10 vessels were inspected, 939 individuals were bathed at the disinfecting station, and 1,110 pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam. There were 7 rejections from all causes. The sanitary report for the week shows that the health of the colony remains good. There was 1 case of plague and 1 death, 1 case of cholera and 1 death, and 2 cases of enteric fever were reported during the week. One of the cases of enteric fever was imported from Manila.

JOHN W. KERR,
Assistant Surgeon.

The Surgeon-General.

EGYPT.

Report on cholera.

CAIRO, EGYPT, November 3, 1902.

SIR: I have the honor to confirm the following cablegram to the Department regarding the cholera in Egypt:

CAIRO, EGYPT, November 1, 1902.

SECRETARY OF STATE, Washington:

Since October 25, 225 cases of cholera, 212 deaths—all Egypt.—SMITH.

The following will show the number of cases and deaths in the cities and provinces during the week ended November 1, 1902:

Egypt.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cures.	Egypt.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cures.
Cities: Cairo	3 2	4 32 10 9 34 2 8	4 4 1 1 1 5 5	Provinces—Cont'd. Galioubieh. Menoufieh. Guizeh Fayoum. Minieh. Guirgeh. Keneh. Soudan.	3 3 6 .9	12 15 1 7 3 12 57	1 1 2 6 8 14